The ICSI 2007 Language Recognition System

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Abstract

In this paper, we describe the ICSI 2007 language recognition system. The system constitutes a variant of the classic PPRLM (parallel phone recognizer followed by language modeling) approach. We used a combination of frame-by-frame multilayer perceptron (MLP) phone classifiers for English, Arabic, and Mandarin and one open loop hidden Markov Model (HMM) phone recognizer (trained on English data). The maximum likelihood language modeling is substituted by support-vector-machines (SVMs) as a more powerful, discriminative classification method. Rank normalization is used as a normalization method superior to mean-variance normalization. Results are presented on the NIST 2005 language recognition evaluation (LRE05) set and a test set taken from the LRE07 training corpus. The average NIST cost of the system on the LRE05 set is 0.0886.

1. Introduction

The ICSI 2007 language recognition system constitutes a variant of the classic PPRLM (parallel phone recognition followed by language modeling) approach which is commonly used for this task. The basic idea of PPRLM is to model the phonotactic characteristics of the languages $l_1,...,l_n$ in the test by means of a statistical language model. As frontends, either a single or multiple phone recognizers are used. In the former case the approach is called PRLM (without "parallel"). It is beneficial to use an *open loop* phone recognition, i.e. to not apply (language-specific) phonotactic constraints during the decoding. Using parallel phone recognition proved to be beneficial over using a single one [1].

The novel aspect of our approach is that we used a combination of multiple frame-by-frame multilayer perceptron (MLP) phone classifiers trained on English, Arabic, and Mandarin data and one hidden Markov model (HMM) open loop phone recognizer (trained on English data). Taking into account a recent enhancement of the PPRLM approach on the backend (see for example [2, 3]), we used the n-gram counts of phones as features to train support vector machines (SVM) instead of building an actual maximum-likehood language model. Besides a more sophisticated decision function, this variant is characterized by supporting a combination of different n-grams, say bigrams and trigrams. It also supports an immediate combination of multiple frontends on the feature level.

Discriminative training as a modification of the PPRLM ap-

proach is also described by [4]. The authors used three streams of phones produced by recognizers trained on Arabic, English, and Spanish data, respectively. The performance of SVMs (discriminative training) is compared with maximum likelihood language modelling. A 0.7 % absolute improvement (5.2 % EER with LM and 4.5 % EER with SMVs) on the LRE 03 evaluation set in the 30 seconds condition is reported. [5] postulate a short-term cepstral system using shifted delta cepstral (SDC) coefficients in conjunction with an SVM backend. Although the SVM system alone was inferior to the baseline Gaussian Mixture Model (GMM) on the 30 seconds NIST LRE 03 test (6.1 % versus 4.8 % EER), the two system could be effectively combined obtaining an EER of 3.2 %.

The remainder of this paper is organized as follows: section 2 describes the training data we used as well as the preprocessing method; section 3 provides a general overview over the system components; section 3.1 describes the various phone recognizer frontends; section 3.2 provides a description of the rank normalization procedure; the training of the support vector machines is detailed in section 3.3; section 3.4 provides the processing speed measures; in section 4, results on the 2005 NIST language recognition evaluation (LRE05) as well as our development test set (an excerpt of the training data) are presented.

2. Training data

We used the training data provided by NIST for this years language recognition evaluation¹. It comprises fourteen languages: Arabic (ARA), Bengali (BEN), Chinese (CHIN), English (ENG), Farsi (FAR), German (GER), Hindustani (HIN), Japanese (JAP), Korean (KOR), Russian (RUS), Spanish (SPA), Tamil (TAM), Thai (THA), and Vietnamese (VIE).

The data preprocessing scheme is depicted in Figure 1. In the first step, Wiener filtering was applied to the original conversations to reduce the amount of noise. Hereafter, the files were split into individual conversation sides containing the left and the right channel, respectively. An intensity-based silence detector was applied to both parts, splitting them into individual dialog turns and removing the silence in-between. The detector's parameters include an intensity threshold which was set to 20 dB (everything below that threshold is considered as silence) as well as a threshold for the minimum length of silence. The latter was set to one second to avoid splitting at pauses that possess a linguistic purpose rather than marking the end of a turn.

¹ see http://www.nist.gov/speech/tests/lang/2007/

original conversations (120 per language)

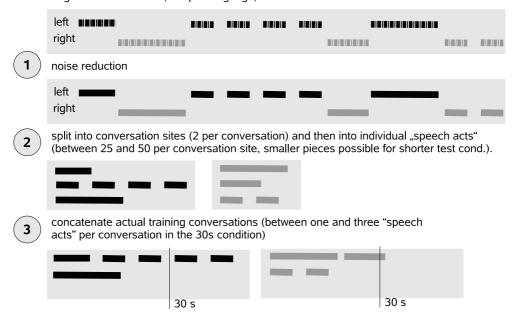


Figure 1: Data preprocessing.

The turns varied in length between one and 80 seconds. Accordingly, the original conversations typically consisted of between 25 and 50 turns. In the third preprocessing step, turns were concatenated with one or more successors until the desired length is reached.

In the experiments presented here, we only created 30 seconds long conversations. However, it is also possible to generate different data sets for the three and ten seconds conditions. With adapting the intensity and pause duration thresholds used in step two, smaller pieces can be obtained which facilitates the creation of shorter training conversations.

In the case of the test data, the original conversations were recovered after the silence removal. Table 1 summarizes the statistics for the training, background, and test data sets. The samples for the development test set were selected randomly from the data set of each language but not used for training.

3. System description

Figure 2 provides an overview over the system. After preprocessing, the data was conveyed to multiple *frontends* consisting of a unit recognition and an n-gram counting component. After normalization, the relative n-gram counts were concatenated to a single large feature vector and fed into a support vector machine (SVM).

3.1. Phone recognition frontends

We were using four different phone recognizer frontends: (1) The English open-loop DECIPHER recognizer [6], developed by SRI. Our version of DECIPHER uses gender-dependent, 3-state hidden Markov models for open-loop phone recognition. The Markov models were trained using mel-frequency cepstral coefficient features of order 13 plus first and second order deriva-

data set	median length	total
Arabic	32.0 s	40.0 h
Bengali	29.8 s	2.9 h
Chinese	31.9 s	67.9 h
English	31.0 s	84.0 h
Hindustani	32.5 s	43.6 h
Spanish	32.9 s	83.3 h
Farsi	33.0 s	12.5 h
German	33.6 s	44.5 h
Japanese	33.7 s	26.3 h
Korean	32.6 s	37.6 h
Russian	29.7 s	2.9 h
Tamil	33.9 s	37.5 h
Thai	29.9 s	2.9 h
Vietnamese	33.4 s	40.3 h
background	32.1 s	453.6 h
devtest (from training data)	18.6 s	9.2 h
LRE05	29.4 s	30.3 h

Table 1: Length of conversations sides and total amount of audio after preprocessing for training, background, and test sets. The background data set is comprised of all training data sets plus a small amount of data not used for training.

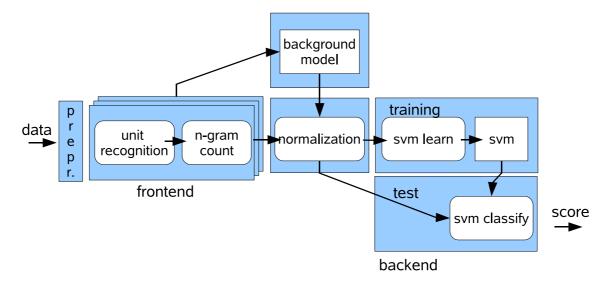


Figure 2: Schematic diagram of the ICSI 2007 language recognition system.

tives, with overall dimensionality of 39, on the Switchboard I and II corpora [7]; (2-4) Multi-layer perceptron (MLP) phone classifiers were built for English, Arabic, and Mandarin Chinese languages. The inputs comprised PLP features plus first and second derivatives, with a fast GMM-based estimate for vocal tract length normalization, over a local context of 9 consecutive frames. A feed-forward network structure fully connects the inputs to a large hidden layer, which is connected to output units corresponding to the phones of a language. For each frame of a test utterance, a phone label is determined as the network's output unit with the maximal activation.

For English, gender-specific MLPs with 20800 hidden units were trained on 2000 hours of 8kHz conversational telephone speech, classifying 46 phones; gender was detected with GMM likelihoods. For Arabic, a gender-independent MLP with 10000 hidden units was trained on 465 hours of 16kHz broadcast news, classifying 36 phones. For Mandarin, a gender-independent MLP with 15000 hidden units was trained on 870 hours of 16kHz broadcast news, classifying 71 phones; to aid discrimination of tonal vowels, the PLP inputs were augmented with pitch-based features. For the latter two, the 8kHz samples are up-sampled to 16kHz prior to the recognition.

The MLP-based phone recognizers generated frame-by-frame phone labels. In this vein, the length of the phones is taken into account by the relative counts of homogenous trigrams (e.g. 67_67_67).

In an earlier version of the system the phonotactic difference between languages were learned on the basis of counts of abstract phone-like sub-word units [8] that are generated by models trained on the actual LRE training data. Note, that "real" phone recognizers cannot be trained with that data because the transcriptions or phonetic annotations are not provided. An advantage of this approach was that the "phone set" – i.e. the number of abstract classes – could be chosen according what might be appropriate in a multilingual context. Ideally, one sub-word unit recognizer could be built for each language in the test. However, despite some reasonable results on the LRE03 evalu-

ation set, this variant performed one order of magnitude worse than the one described here on the LRE05 test (the NIST cost value has been at the order of 0.20). This was presumably due to channel issues and requires further investigation.

3.2. Normalization

The relative n-gram counts were first rank-normalized [13] in order to obtain comparable ranges for all features and to map the n-gram frequencies to a uniform distribution. An ordered list of values was created for each feature using the background data. The rank of a given value then corresponds to the position in the list divided by the total number of occurrences of the respective feature in the background data (see section 2). Zero values corresponding to instances in which a particular unit has not occurred in a given sample, were mapped to zero. The ranks lie in the closed interval from 0 to 1 and were used as the normalized value. The feature-value-rank triples were stored in a lookup-table. In testing, linear interpolation was applied if a given triple did not exist. To save memory and processing time, only the most frequent triples were loaded at startup. However, to be able to experiment with the number of features actually used in model training, the less frequent features were normalized as well (the respective triples were loaded when they occurred for the first time). With rank normalization, the difference between two normalized feature values corresponds to the percentage of background samples that fall between the two values. Accordingly, differences were emphasized in high density regions and compressed in low density regions. In the pre-tests we performed, rank normalization outperformed mean-variance normalization.

The normalized features were assigned to a unique (continuous) feature number because the actual trigram name (e.g. 128096003 for coding the trigram 128-096-003) suggests a much larger number of features than actually exist. When combining multiple frontends, a respective index was added to the feature number.

3.3. Model training

The maximum likelihood classification, which represents the backend of the classic PPRLM approach, was replaced by a discriminative training with support vector machines (SVMs). The ability of SVMs to handle very large feature vectors enabled us to use uni-, bi-, and trigrams simultaneously and combine multiple frontends. We used the SVM LITE implementation [14].

The number of components of the feature vectors was reduced by only choosing 30 % of the trigrams (unigrams and bigrams do no contribute as much to the total number of features). This lead to a total number of 136591 features.

For each each language l_i , a one-against-all SVM with a second order polynomial kernel was trained, using the training examples of l_i as positive examples and the training examples all other languages as negative examples. The model for Arabic, for example, was trained on Arabic as positive examples and all other languages test as negative examples. The bias which results from a larger number of negative examples was compensated by choosing an appropriate "j-parameter" – a cost-factor by which training errors on positive examples outweigh errors on negative ones. For the time being, we haven't experimented with the "c-parameter", the trade-off between the training error and the margin.

T-norm score normalization was applied to the scores. With t-norm, scores for a test utterances were generated against the impostor models in order to estimate the impostor score distribution [15]. The mean and variance of the distribution was used to normalize the score of the target model:

$$S_{TN}(X) = \frac{S(X) - \mu_{impostor}(X)}{\sigma_{impostor}(X)}$$
(1)

where $S_{TN}(X)$ is the normalized score, S(X) is the original score, and $\mu_{impostor}(X)$ and $\sigma_{impostor}(X)$ are the mean and standard deviation of the distribution of scores for test utterance X against the set of impostor speaker models.

The decision threshold was obtained by testing the models using the development test set. The threshold we applied was the one that generates the equal error rate (EER) rather than the one that minimizes the NIST cost function (see below). Given that the costs for misses and false alarm are equally weighted, we believed that the EER threshold exhibits a better generalization across different test sets.

3.4. Processing speed

We performed a processing speed test on a single 64 bit dual core AMDTMOpteronTMprocessor (operated in 32 bit mode) running on a Linux 2.6.9 operating system. The data was an excerpt of the LRE 2005 (30 seconds) test corpus and was preprocessed using the scheme described in section 2 (the time for preprocessing was not included in the measure). The processing speed was calculated as the total amount of speech processed (30 hours) divided by the total amount of CPU time. The result was 0.935. Note that the system supports parallel processing as the various frontends can be applied at the same time. In that case the processing speed would be 2.44.

4. Experimental Results

We performed experiments on the development test set as well as on the 2005 NIST language recognition evaluation (LRE05) set (see table 2). The test was designed as a detection test: Each language was consecutively used as target language. A decision threshold was applied to the score of the respective model to decide whether or not a given segment corresponded to the target language. The decision error was expressed in terms of the probability of false alarms (Pfa), the number of trials for which the decision of the system was 'yes' but the segment language was not the target language relative to the number of occurrences of the target language in the data set, and the probability of false rejects (Pfr), the number of trials for which the decision of the system was 'no' but the segment language was in fact the target language relative to the number of non-target languages.

The upper part of Table 4 presents the probabilities of false alarms (Pfa) for a given pair of target and non-target languages. For the target Chinese, Asian non-targets (Japanese and Korean) produced more false alarms than the others which indicates the similarity of the languages. According to Table 4, other pairs of similar languages are English and German, Hindi and Tamil, as well as Japanese and Korean. The results on the development test set also indicate similarities between Arabic and both Farsi, Bengali and Russian, and Tamil and Vietnamese.

In the lower part of Table 4 the probabilities of false alarms (Pfa) and misses (Pmiss) are combined into a single number that represents the cost performance of a system as used by NIST for the language recognition evaluations. The cost value represents an application-motivated cost model and is defined as:

$$C(L_T, L_N) = C_{Miss} * P_{Target} * P_{Miss}(L_T) + C_{FA} * (1 - P_{Target}) * P_{FA}(L_T, L_N)$$

where L_T and L_N are the target and non-target languages, and C_{Miss} , C_{FA} , and P_{Target} are application model parameters. Here, the application parameters are $C_{Miss}=C_{FA}=1$, and $P_{Target}=0.5$

The average cost of the system presented here was 0.0886. The decision-error-tradeoff (DET) curve is presented in Figure 3. Table 4 as well as Figure 3 were created using the scoring software provided by NIST for the 2007 ².

5. Acknowledgments

The authors would like to thank Andreas Stolcke (SRI International) for providing the English DECIPHER open loop phone recognizer and Arlo Faria (ICSI) for providing the English, Arabic, and Mandarin phone classifiers.

6. References

[1] M.A. Zissman, "Comparison of Four Approaches to Automatic Language Identification of Telephone Speech," *IEEE Transactions on Speech and Audio Processing*, vol. 4, no. 1, 1996.

²evaluation http://www.nist.gov/speech/tests/lang/2007/

				ER	ROR R	ATES:	Pfa(Lt,	Ln) on	LRE05	i				
	ARA	BEN	CHI	ENG	FAR	GER	HIN	JAP	KOR	RUS*	SPA	TAM	THA	VIE
CHI			_	.0974		.0124	.0197	.0187	.0425		.0093	.0021		
ENG			.1274	_		.0563	.0551	.0057	.0138		.0333	.0138		
GER			.2195	.2561		_	.0488	.0000	.0122		.0244	.0000		
HIN			.0775	.1479		.0000	_	.0141	.0423		.0845	.0423		
JAP			.3581	.0854		.0000	.0854	_	.1708		.1157	.0220		
KOR			.3581	.1484		.0032	.0677	.1452	_		.0419	.0226		
SPA			.0430	.0826		.0083	.0942	.0281	.0165		_	.0446		
TAM			.0447	.0950		.0000	.1229	.0223	.0447		.0838	_		
Pmiss			.0135	.0563		.1951	.1127	.1433	.1677		.0694	.1117		
Avg Pfa				.1304		.0115	.0705	.0334	.0490		.0561	.0211		
Avg Pmis	s = .108	37	Avg	Pfa = .0	0684									
Avg Pmiss = .1087 Avg Pfa = .0684 ERROR RATES: Pfa(Lt,Ln) on development test set														
ARA	_	.1733	.0800	.1067	.0867	.1000	.1200	.0400	.0267	.0467	.0867	.0800	.0533	.0067
BEN	.1500	_	.0500	.0333	.0667	.0167	.2333	.1333	.0333	.1667	.1000	.0667	.0500	.0167
CHI	.0920	.1264								.0747	.0920	.0402	.1954	.1149
ENG			.1376							.0265			.0370	
FAR				.0761						.0109				
GER	.1024	.0236	.0472	.1339	.0472					.0472				
HIN				.1429						.0423				
JAP				.0374						.0187				
KOR				.0714						.0079			.0159	
RUS	.1803	.1639	.1639	.1475	.0820	.0820	.2623	.0656	.0328				.0164	
SPA										.0440			.0126	
TAM										.0263			.0351	
THA										.0222		.0667		.2000
VIE	.0833									.0167				
Pmiss										.0492			.0667	
										.0424				
Avg Pmis				Pfa = .0	0754									
		71	Avg		0754 COS'	TS: C(I GER	Lt,Ln) c				SPA		THA	
	s = .077	71	Avg	Pfa = .0	0754 COS'	TS: C(I GER	Lt,Ln) o	on LRE	05 KOR		SPA			
Avg Pmis	s = .077	71	Avg	Pfa = .0 ENG .0768	0754 COS'	TS: C(I GER .1038	Lt,Ln) o HIN .0662	JAP .0810	05 KOR	RUS .0394	SPA			
Avg Pmis CHI ENG	s = .077	71	Avg CHI0705	Pfa = .0 ENG .0768	0754 COS'	TS: C(I GER .1038	HIN .0662 .0839	JAP .0810 .0745	05 KOR .1051	RUS .0394 .0514	SPA .0569			
Avg Pmis CHI	s = .077	71	Avg CHI0705 .1165	Pfa = .0 ENG .0768	0754 COS'	TS: C(I GER .1038 .1257	HIN .0662 .0839 .0807	JAP .0810 .0745	05 KOR .1051 .0908 .0900	RUS .0394 .0514 .0469	SPA .0569 .0628 .0559			
Avg Pmis CHI ENG GER HIN	s = .077	71	Avg CHI0705 .1165 .0455	ENG .0768 - .1562 .1021	0754 COS'	TS: C(I GER .1038 .1257 - .0976	HIN .0662 .0839 .0807	JAP .0810 .0745 .0716 .0787	05 KOR .1051 .0908 .0900 .1050	RUS .0394 .0514 .0469 .0770	SPA .0569 .0628 .0559 .0770			
CHI ENG GER HIN JAP	s = .077	71	Avg CHI 0705 .1165 .0455 .1858	ENG .0768 - .1562 .1021 .0708	0754 COS'	TS: C(I GER .1038 .1257 - .0976 .0976	Lt,Ln) o HIN .0662 .0839 .0807 -	JAP .0810 .0745 .0716 .0787	05 KOR .1051 .0908 .0900 .1050 .1693	RUS .0394 .0514 .0469	SPA .0569 .0628 .0559 .0770 .0669			
Avg Pmis CHI ENG GER HIN	s = .077	71	Avg CHI 0705 .1165 .0455 .1858 .1858	ENG .0768 - .1562 .1021	0754 COS'	TS: C(I GER .1038 .1257 - .0976 .0976	HIN .0662 .0839 .08070990 .0902	JAP .0810 .0745 .0716 .0787 - .1442	05 KOR .1051 .0908 .0900 .1050 .1693	RUS .0394 .0514 .0469 .0770 .0926 .0557	SPA .0569 .0628 .0559 .0770			
CHI ENG GER HIN JAP KOR	s = .077	71	Avg CHI 0705 .1165 .0455 .1858 .1858 .0282	ENG .0768 - .1562 .1021 .0708 .1023	0754 COS'	TS: C(I GER .1038 .1257 - .0976 .0976 .0992 .1017	HIN .0662 .0839 .0807 - .0990 .0902 .1034	JAP .0810 .0745 .0716 .0787 - .1442 .0857	05 KOR .1051 .0908 .0900 .1050 .1693 - .0921	RUS .0394 .0514 .0469 .0770 .0926 .0557	SPA .0569 .0628 .0559 .0770 .0669 .0672 .0782			
CHI ENG GER HIN JAP KOR SPA	s = .077	71	Avg CHI0705 .1165 .0455 .1858 .1858 .0282 .0291	ENG .0768 - .1562 .1021 .0708 .1023 .0695	0754 COS'	GER .1038 .12570976 .0976 .0992 .1017 .0976	HIN .0662 .0839 .08070990 .1034 .1178	JAP .0810 .0745 .0716 .07871442 .0857 .0828	KOR .1051 .0908 .0900 .1050 .1693 - .0921 .1062	RUS .0394 .0514 .0469 .0770 .0926 .0557 -	SPA .0569 .0628 .0559 .0770 .0669 .0672 .0782			
CHI ENG GER HIN JAP KOR SPA TAM	s = .077	BEN	Avg CHI0705 .1165 .0455 .1858 .1858 .0282 .0291	ENG .0768 - .1562 .1021 .0708 .1023 .0695 .0756	0754 COS'	GER .1038 .12570976 .0976 .0992 .1017 .0976	HIN .0662 .0839 .08070990 .1034 .1178	JAP .0810 .0745 .0716 .07871442 .0857 .0828	KOR .1051 .0908 .0900 .1050 .1693 - .0921 .1062	RUS .0394 .0514 .0469 .0770 .0926 .0557	SPA .0569 .0628 .0559 .0770 .0669 .0672 .0782			
CHI ENG GER HIN JAP KOR SPA TAM Avg Cost	s = .077	BEN	Avg CHI0705 .1165 .0455 .1858 .1858 .0282 .0291	ENG .0768 - .1562 .1021 .0708 .1023 .0695 .0756	O754 COS FAR	TS: C(I GER .1038 .1257 - .0976 .0976 .0992 .1017 .0976 .1033	HIN .0662 .0839 .08070990 .0902 .1034 .1178 .0916	on LRE JAP .0810 .0745 .0716 .07871442 .0857 .0828 .0883	KOR .1051 .0908 .0900 .1050 .1693 - .0921 .1062	RUS .0394 .0514 .0469 .0770 .0926 .0557 - .0766	SPA .0569 .0628 .0559 .0770 .0669 .0672 .0782			
CHI ENG GER HIN JAP KOR SPA TAM Avg Cost	s = .077	BEN	Avg CHI0705 .1165 .0455 .1858 .1858 .0282 .0291 .0945	ENG .0768 - .1562 .1021 .0708 .1023 .0695 .0756 .0933	COS' FAR	TS: C(I GER .1038 .1257 - .0976 .0976 .0992 .1017 .0976 .1033	Lt,Ln) c HIN .0662 .0839 .0807 - .0990 .0902 .1034 .1178 .0916	on LRE JAP .0810 .0745 .0716 .07871442 .0857 .0828 .0883	NOS KOR .1051 .0908 .0900 .1050 .16930921 .1062 .1084 at test s	RUS .0394 .0514 .0469 .0770 .0926 .0557 - .0766	SPA .0569 .0628 .0559 .0770 .0669 .0672 .0782	TAM	THA	VIE
CHI ENG GER HIN JAP KOR SPA TAM Avg Cost Avg Cost	s = .077	BEN 6 .1200	Avg CHI0705 .1165 .0455 .1858 .1858 .0282 .0291 .0945	ENG .07681562 .1021 .0708 .1023 .0695 .0756 .0933	TS: C(TS: C(I GER .1038 .1257 - .0976 .0976 .0992 .1017 .0976 .1033 Lt,Ln)	HIN .0662 .0839 .08070990 .0902 .1034 .1178 .0916 .0916	on LRE JAP .0810 .0745 .0716 .07871442 .0857 .0828 .0883	KOR .1051 .0908 .0900 .1050 .1693 - .0921 .1062 .1084	RUS .0394 .0514 .0469 .0770 .0926 .0557 - .0766 .0628	SPA .0569 .0628 .0559 .0770 .0669 .0672 .0782 - .0664	TAM .0751	THA	VIE .0283
CHI ENG GER HIN JAP KOR SPA TAM Avg Cost AVg Cost	= .0886	BEN 6 .1200	Avg CHI0705 .1165 .0455 .1858 .1858 .0282 .0291 .0945	ENG .0768 - .1562 .1021 .0708 .1023 .0695 .0756 .0933 COS .1010	TS: C(.0651 .0551	TS: C(I GER .1038 .1257 - .0976 .0976 .0992 .1017 .0976 .1033 Lt,Ln) .0815 .0398	Lt,Ln) c HIN .0662 .0839 .0807 - .0990 .0902 .1034 .1178 .0916 on deve	on LRE JAP .0810 .0745 .0716 .07871442 .0857 .0828 .0883 elopmer .0480 .0947	NOS KOR .1051 .0908 .0900 .1050 .16930921 .1062 .1084 nt test seconds of the control of th	RUS .0394 .0514 .0469 .0770 .0926 .05570766 .0628	SPA .0569 .0628 .0559 .0770 .0669 .0672 .0782 - .0664	.0751 .0684	THA .0600	.0283 .0333
CHI ENG GER HIN JAP KOR SPA TAM Avg Cost Avg Cost	= .0886 - .1317 .1026	BEN 6 .12000966	Avg CHI0705 .1165 .0455 .1858 .1858 .0282 .0291 .0945	ENG .0768 - .1562 .1021 .0708 .1023 .0695 .0756 .0933 COS	TS: C(.0651 .0332	TS: C(I GER .1038 .1257 - .0976 .0976 .0992 .1017 .0976 .1033 Lt,Ln) • .0815 .0398 .0545	HIN .0662 .0839 .08070990 .0902 .1034 .1178 .0916 on deve	on LRE JAP .0810 .0745 .0716 .07871442 .0857 .0828 .0883 elopmer .0480 .0947 .0941	NOS KOR .1051 .0908 .0900 .1050 .16930921 .1062 .1084 at test si .0530 .0563 .1058	RUS .0394 .0514 .0469 .0770 .0926 .05570766 .0628	SPA .0569 .0628 .0559 .0770 .0669 .0782 - .0664	.0751 .0684 .0552	.0600 .0583	.0283 .0333 .0825
CHI ENG GER HIN JAP KOR SPA TAM Avg Cost Avg Cost ARA BEN CHI	= .0886 - .1317 .1026 .1122	BEN .12000966 .0519	Avg CHI0705 .1165 .0455 .1858 .1858 .0282 .0291 .0945 .0945 .0917 .07671205	ENG .0768 - .1562 .1021 .0708 .1023 .0695 .0756 .0933 COS	TS: C(.0651 .0332 .0455	TS: C(I GER .1038 .1257 - .0976 .0976 .0992 .1017 .0976 .1033 Lt,Ln) .0815 .0398 .0545 .0685	HIN .0662 .0839 .08070990 .0902 .1034 .1178 .0916 .1208 .1775 .1040 .1111	n LRE JAP .0810 .0745 .0716 .07871442 .0857 .0828 .0883 elopmer .0480 .0947 .0941 .0492	NOS KOR .1051 .0908 .0900 .1050 .16930921 .1062 .1084 nt test si .0530 .0563 .1058 .0741	RUS .0394 .0514 .0469 .0770 .0926 .0557 - .0766 .0628 et .0479 .1079 .0619	SPA .0569 .0628 .0559 .0770 .0669 .0782 - .0664 .1003 .0936 .0963 .0979	.0751 .0684 .0552 .0589	.0600 .0583 .1310 .0519	.0283 .0333 .0825 .0541
CHI ENG GER HIN JAP KOR SPA TAM Avg Cost Avg Cost ARA BEN CHI ENG	= .0886 - .1317 .1026 .1122 .1654	BEN .12000966 .0519 .0442	Avg CHI0705 .1165 .0455 .1858 .1858 .0282 .0291 .0945 .0917 .07671205 .1115	ENG .0768 - .1562 .1021 .0708 .1023 .0695 .0756 .0933 COS .1010	TS: C(.0651 .0332 .0455	TS: C(I GER .1038 .1257 - .0976 .0976 .0992 .1017 .0976 .1033 Lt,Ln) .0815 .0398 .0545 .0685 .0967	HIN .0662 .0839 .08070990 .0902 .1034 .1178 .0916 .1208 .1775 .1040 .1111 .1098	n LRE JAP .0810 .0745 .0716 .07871442 .0857 .0828 .0883 elopmer .0480 .0947 .0941 .0492 .0443	NOS KOR .1051 .0908 .0900 .1050 .16930921 .1062 .1084 nt test se .0530 .0563 .1058 .0741 .0614	RUS .0394 .0514 .0469 .0770 .0926 .0557 - .0766 .0628 et .0479 .1079 .0619 .0378	SPA .0569 .0628 .0559 .0770 .0669 .0782 - .0664 .1003 .0963 .0979 .0938	.0751 .0684 .0552 .0589 .0460	.0600 .0583 .1310 .0519 .0333	.0283 .0333 .0825 .0541 .0359
CHI ENG GER HIN JAP KOR SPA TAM Avg Cost Avg Cost CHI ENG GER HIN JAP KOR SPA TAM Avg Cost Avg Cost	= .0886 - .1317 .1026 .1122 .1654 .1078	BEN .12000966 .0519 .0442 .0451	Avg CHI0705 .1165 .0455 .1858 .1858 .0282 .0291 .0945 .0917 .07671205 .1115 .0753	ENG .07681562 .1021 .0708 .1023 .0695 .0756 .0933 .11080857	TS: C(.0651 .0332 .0455 -	TS: C(I GER .1038 .1257 - .0976 .0976 .0992 .1017 .0976 .1033 Lt,Ln) .0815 .0398 .0545 .0685 .0967 -	HIN .0662 .0839 .08070990 .0902 .1034 .1178 .0916 .1208 .1775 .1040 .1111 .1098 .1199	In LRE JAP .0810 .0745 .0716 .07871442 .0857 .0828 .0883 Iopmer .0480 .0947 .0941 .0492 .0443 .0517	NOS KOR .1051 .0908 .0900 .1050 .16930921 .1062 .1084 nt test s .0530 .0563 .1058 .0741 .0614 .0554	RUS .0394 .0514 .0469 .0770 .0926 .0557 - .0766 .0628 et .0479 .0619 .0378 .0300	SPA .0569 .0628 .0559 .0770 .0669 .0782 - .0664 .1003 .0963 .0979 .0938 .0661	.0751 .0684 .0552 .0589 .0460 .0548	.0600 .0583 .1310 .0519 .0333 .0333	.0283 .0333 .0825 .0541 .0359 .0368
Avg Pmis CHI ENG GER HIN JAP KOR SPA TAM Avg Cost Avg Cost CHI ENG FAR GER	= .0886 - .1317 .1026 .1122 .1654 .1069	BEN .12000966 .0519 .0442 .0451 .1021	Avg CHI0705 .1165 .0455 .1858 .1858 .0282 .0291 .0945 .0917 .07671205 .1115 .0753 .1099	ENG .07681562 .1021 .0708 .1023 .0695 .0756 .0933 .11080857 .1145	TTS: C(.0651 .0551 .0332 .0455 - .0454 .0535	TS: C(I GER .1038 .1257 - .0976 .0976 .0992 .1017 .0976 .1033 Lt,Ln) .0815 .0398 .0545 .0685 .0967 - .0474	Lt,Ln) c HIN .0662 .0839 .08070990 .0902 .1034 .1178 .0916 .1208 .1775 .1040 .1111 .1098 .1199 -	n LRE JAP .0810 .0745 .0716 .07871442 .0857 .0828 .0883 .0883 .0947 .0941 .0492 .0443 .0517 .0386	NOS KOR .1051 .0908 .0900 .1050 .16930921 .1062 .1084 nt test se .0530 .0563 .1058 .0741 .0614 .0554 .0714	RUS .0394 .0514 .0469 .0770 .0926 .05570766 .0628 et .0479 .0378 .0300 .0482	SPA .0569 .0628 .0559 .0770 .0669 .0782 - .0664 .0936 .1003 .0963 .0979 .0938 .0661 .1112	.0751 .0684 .0552 .0589 .0460 .0548 .0906	.0600 .0583 .1310 .0519 .0333 .0333	.0283 .0333 .0825 .0541 .0359 .0368 .0303
Avg Pmis CHI ENG GER HIN JAP KOR SPA TAM Avg Cost Avg Cost CHI ENG GER HIN	= .0886 1317 .1026 .1122 .1654 .1069 .0987	BEN .12000966 .0519 .0442 .0451 .1021 .0427	Avg CHI0705 .1165 .0455 .1858 .1858 .0282 .0291 .0945 .0917 .07671205 .1115 .0753 .1099 .1265	ENG .07681562 .1021 .0708 .1023 .0695 .0756 .0933 .11080857 .1145 .1190	TTS: C(.0651 .032 .0455 - .0454 .0535 .0404	TS: C(I GER .1038 .1257 - .0976 .0976 .0992 .1017 .0976 .1033 Lt,Ln) .0815 .0398 .0545 .0685 .0967 - .0474 .0549	Lt,Ln) c HIN .0662 .0839 .08070990 .0902 .1034 .1178 .0916 .1208 .1775 .1040 .1111 .1098 .11990795	on LRE JAP .0810 .0745 .0716 .07871442 .0857 .0828 .0883 elopmer .0480 .0947 .0941 .0492 .0443 .0517 .0386 -	NOS KOR .1051 .0908 .0900 .1050 .16930921 .1062 .1084 at test s .0530 .0563 .1058 .0741 .0614 .0554 .0714 .1939	RUS .0394 .0514 .0469 .0770 .0926 .05570766 .0628 .0479 .0479 .0378 .0300 .0482 .0458	SPA .0569 .0628 .0559 .0770 .0669 .0782 - .0664 .0936 .1003 .0963 .0979 .0938 .0661 .1112 .1064	.0751 .0684 .0552 .0589 .0460 .0548 .0906	.0600 .0583 .1310 .0519 .0333 .0333 .0492	.0283 .0333 .0825 .0541 .0359 .0368 .0303 .0297
CHI ENG GER HIN JAP KOR SPA TAM Avg Cost AVG Cost ARA BEN CHI ENG FAR GER HIN JAP KOR	= .0886 1317 .1026 .1122 .1654 .1069 .0987 .1241	.1200 0966 .0519 .0442 .0451 .1021 .0427 .0532	Avg CHI0705 .1165 .0455 .1858 .1858 .0282 .0291 .0945 .0917 .07671205 .1115 .0753 .1099 .1265 .1351	ENG .07681562 .1021 .0708 .1023 .0695 .0756 .0933 .11080857 .1145 .1190 .0663 .0833	TS: C(.0651 .0551 .0332 .0455 - .0454 .0535 .0404 .0455	TS: C(I GER .1038 .1257 - .0976 .0976 .0992 .1017 .0976 .1033 Lt,Ln) - .0815 .0398 .0545 .0685 .0967 - .0474 .0549 .0553	.t,Ln) c HIN .0662 .0839 .08070990 .0902 .1034 .1178 .0916 .1208 .1775 .1040 .1111 .1098 .11990795 .1045	on LRE JAP .0810 .0745 .0716 .07871442 .0857 .0828 .0883 elopmer .0480 .0947 .0941 .0492 .0443 .0517 .03860955	NOS KOR .1051 .0908 .0900 .1050 .16930921 .1062 .1084 at test si .0530 .0563 .1058 .0741 .0614 .0554 .0714 .1939 -	RUS .0394 .0514 .0469 .0770 .0926 .0557 - .0766 .0628 et .0479 .1079 .0619 .0378 .0300 .0482 .0458 .0339 .0286	SPA .0569 .0628 .0559 .0770 .0669 .0782 - .0664 .0936 .1003 .0963 .0979 .0938 .0661 .1112 .1064 .0900	.0751 .0684 .0552 .0589 .0460 .0548 .0906 .0771 .0629	.0600 .0583 .1310 .0519 .0333 .0492 .0333 .0413	.0283 .0333 .0825 .0541 .0359 .0368 .0303 .0297 .0409
CHI ENG GER HIN JAP KOR SPA TAM Avg Cost AVg Cost ARA BEN CHI ENG FAR GER HIN JAP KOR RUS	= .0886 - .1317 .1026 .1122 .1654 .1078 .1069 .0987 .1241 .1468	BEN .12000966 .0519 .0442 .0451 .1021 .0427 .0532 .1153	Avg CHI0705 .1165 .0455 .1858 .1858 .0282 .0291 .0945 .0917 .07671205 .1115 .0753 .1099 .1265 .1351 .1337	ENG .07681562 .1021 .0708 .1023 .0695 .0756 .0933 .11080857 .1145 .1190 .0663 .0833 .1214	TS: C(.0651 .0551 .0332 .0455 - .0454 .0535 .0404 .0455 .0627	TS: C(I GER .1038 .1257 - .0976 .0976 .0992 .1017 .0976 .1033 Lt,Ln) .0815 .0398 .0545 .0685 .0967 - .0474 .0549 .0553 .0725	.t,Ln) c HIN .0662 .0839 .08070990 .0902 .1034 .1178 .0916 .1208 .1775 .1040 .1111 .1098 .11990795 .1045 .1920	on LRE JAP .0810 .0745 .0716 .07871442 .0857 .0828 .0883 elopmer .0480 .0947 .0941 .0492 .0443 .0517 .03860955 .0608	NOS KOR .1051 .0908 .0900 .1050 .16930921 .1062 .1084 at test si .0530 .0563 .1058 .0741 .0614 .0554 .0714 .19390561	RUS .0394 .0514 .0469 .0770 .0926 .05570766 .0628 et .0479 .0619 .0378 .0300 .0482 .0458 .0339 .0286 -	SPA .0569 .0628 .0559 .0770 .0669 .0672 .0782 - .0664 .0936 .1003 .0963 .0979 .0938 .0661 .1112 .1064 .0900 .1241	.0751 .0684 .0552 .0589 .0460 .0548 .0906 .0771 .0629 .0351	.0600 .0583 .1310 .0519 .0333 .0492 .0333 .0413	.0283 .0333 .0825 .0541 .0359 .0368 .0303 .0297 .0409 .0250
CHI ENG GER HIN JAP KOR SPA TAM Avg Cost AVg Cost ARA BEN CHI ENG FAR GER HIN JAP KOR RUS SPA	= .0886 	BEN .12000966 .0519 .0442 .0451 .1021 .0427 .0532 .1153 .0616	Avg CHI0705 .1165 .0455 .1858 .1858 .0282 .0291 .0945 .0917 .07671205 .1115 .0753 .1099 .1265 .1351 .1337 .0957	ENG .07681562 .1021 .0708 .1023 .0695 .0756 .0933 .11080857 .1145 .1190 .0663 .0833 .1214 .1042	TS: C(.0651 .0551 .0332 .0455 - .0454 .0535 .0404 .0455 .0627 .0375	TS: C(I GER .1038 .1257 0976 .0976 .0992 .1017 .0976 .1033 Lt,Ln) .0815 .0398 .0545 .0685 .0967 0474 .0549 .0553 .0725 .0472	.t,Ln) c HIN .0662 .0839 .08070990 .0902 .1034 .1178 .0916 .1208 .1775 .1040 .1111 .1098 .11990795 .1045 .1920 .1395	on LRE JAP .0810 .0745 .0716 .07871442 .0857 .0828 .0883 Plopmer .0480 .0947 .0941 .0492 .0443 .0517 .03860955 .0608 .0500	NOS KOR .1051 .0908 .0900 .1050 .16930921 .1062 .1084 nt test si .0530 .0563 .1058 .0741 .0554 .0714 .19390561 .0586	RUS .0394 .0514 .0469 .0770 .0926 .05570766 .0628 et .0479 .0619 .0378 .0300 .0482 .0458 .0339 .02860466	SPA .0569 .0628 .0559 .0770 .0669 .0672 .0782 - .0664 .1003 .0963 .0963 .0979 .0938 .0661 .1112 .1064 .0900 .1241	.0751 .0684 .0552 .0589 .0460 .0548 .0906 .0771 .0629 .0351 .0823	.0600 .0583 .1310 .0519 .0333 .0492 .0333 .0413 .0415 .0396	.0283 .0333 .0825 .0541 .0359 .0368 .0303 .0297 .0409 .0250 .0533
CHI ENG GER HIN JAP KOR SPA TAM Avg Cost AVg Cost CHI ENG GER HIN JAP KOR SPA TAM AVG COST ARA BEN CHI ENG FAR GER HIN JAP KOR RUS SPA TAM	= .0886 	BEN .12000966 .0519 .0442 .0427 .0532 .1153 .0616 .0421	Avg CHI 0705 .1165 .0455 .1858 .1858 .0282 .0291 .0945 .0945 .0917 .0767 1205 .1115 .0753 .1099 .1265 .1351 .1337 .0957 .0605	ENG .07681562 .1021 .0708 .1023 .0695 .0756 .0933 .11080857 .1145 .1190 .0663 .0833 .1214 .1042 .0739	TS: C(.0651 .0551 .0332 .0455 - .0454 .0535 .0404 .0455 .0627 .0375 .0261	TS: C(I GER .1038 .1257 - .0976 .0992 .1017 .0976 .1033 Lt,Ln) .0815 .0398 .0545 .0685 .0967 - .0474 .0549 .0553 .0725 .0472 .0490		on LRE JAP .0810 .0745 .0716 .07871442 .0857 .0828 .0883 Plopmer .0480 .0947 .0941 .0492 .0443 .0517 .03860955 .0608 .0500 .0368	NOS KOR .1051 .0908 .0900 .1050 .16930921 .1062 .1084 nt test se .0530 .0563 .1058 .0741 .0614 .0554 .0714 .19390561 .0586 .0835	RUS .0394 .0514 .0469 .0770 .0926 .05570766 .0628 et .0479 .0619 .0378 .0300 .0482 .0458 .0339 .02860466 .0377	SPA .0569 .0628 .0559 .0770 .0669 .0672 .0782 - .0664 .0936 .1003 .0963 .0979 .0938 .0661 .1112 .1064 .0900 .1241 - .1205	.0751 .0684 .0552 .0589 .0460 .0771 .0629 .0351 .0823	.0600 .0583 .1310 .0519 .0333 .0492 .0333 .0413 .0415 .0396 .0509	.0283 .0333 .0825 .0541 .0359 .0368 .0303 .0297 .0409 .0250 .0533 .0425
Avg Pmis CHI ENG GER HIN JAP KOR SPA TAM Avg Cost Avg Cost CHI ENG FAR GER HIN JAP KOR FAR GER HIN JAP KOR RUS SPA TAM THA	= .0886 .1317 .1026 .1122 .1654 .1078 .1069 .0987 .1241 .1468 .1070 .1005 .1011	BEN .12000966 .0519 .0442 .0451 .1021 .0427 .0532 .1153 .0616 .0421 .1000	Avg CHI0705 .1165 .0455 .1858 .1858 .0282 .0291 .0945 .0917 .07671205 .1115 .0753 .1099 .1265 .1351 .1337 .0957 .0605 .2517	ENG .07681562 .1021 .0708 .1023 .0695 .0756 .0933 .11080857 .1145 .1190 .0663 .0833 .1214 .1042 .0739 .0698	TS: C(.0651 .0551 .0551 .0454 .0455 .0404 .0455 .0404 .0455 .0627 .0375 .0261	TS: C(I GER .1038 .1257 - .0976 .0976 .0992 .1017 .0976 .1033 Lt,Ln) .0815 .0398 .0545 .0685 .0967 - .0474 .0549 .0553 .0725 .0472 .0490 .0648	HIN .0662 .0839 .08070990 .0902 .1034 .1178 .0916 .1208 .1775 .1040 .1111 .1098 .11990795 .1045 .1920 .1395 .1793 .1497	00 LRE JAP .0810 .0745 .0716 .07871442 .0857 .0828 .0883 Diopmer .0480 .0947 .0941 .0492 .0443 .0517 .03860955 .0608 .0500 .0368 .0280	NOS KOR .1051 .0908 .0900 .1050 .16930921 .1062 .1084 .0530 .0563 .1058 .0741 .0554 .0714 .19390561 .0586 .0835 .0730	RUS .0394 .0514 .0469 .0770 .0926 .05570766 .0628 et .0479 .0619 .0378 .0300 .0482 .0458 .0339 .02860466 .0377 .0357	SPA .0569 .0628 .0559 .0770 .0669 .0782 - .0664 .1003 .0963 .0979 .0938 .0661 .1112 .1064 .0900 .1241 - .1205 .0725	.0751 .0684 .0552 .0589 .0460 .0548 .0906 .0771 .0629 .0351 .0823 0684	.0600 .0583 .1310 .0519 .0333 .0492 .0333 .0415 .0396 .0509	.0283 .0333 .0825 .0541 .0359 .0368 .0303 .0297 .0409 .0250 .0533 .0425 .1250
Avg Pmis CHI ENG GER HIN JAP KOR SPA TAM Avg Cost Avg Cost CHI ENG FAR GER HIN JAP KOR FAR GER HIN JAP KOR RUS SPA TAM THA VIE	= .0886 	BEN .12000966 .0519 .0442 .0451 .1021 .0427 .0532 .1153 .0616 .0421 .1000 .0333	Avg CHI0705 .1165 .0455 .1858 .1858 .0282 .0291 .0945 .0917 .07671205 .1115 .0753 .1099 .1265 .1351 .1337 .0957 .0605 .2517 .1059	ENG .0768 .0768 .0768 .0708 .0695 .0756 .0933 .1108 .0857 .1145 .1190 .0663 .0833 .1214 .1042 .0739 .0698 .0893	TS: C(.0651 .0551 .0551 .0551 .0454 .0535 .0404 .0455 .0627 .0375 .0261 .0217 .0384	TS: C(I GER .1038 .1257 - .0976 .0976 .0992 .1017 .0976 .1033 .0815 .0398 .0545 .0685 .0967 - .0474 .0549 .0549 .0549 .0472 .0490 .0648 .0565		0n LRE JAP .0810 .0745 .0716 .07871442 .0857 .0828 .0883 elopmer .0480 .0947 .0941 .0492 .0443 .0517 .03860955 .0608 .0500 .0368 .0280 .0280	NOS KOR .1051 .0908 .0900 .1050 .16930921 .1062 .1084 nt test s .0530 .0563 .1058 .0741 .0614 .0554 .0714 .19390561 .0586 .0835 .0730 .0563	RUS .0394 .0514 .0469 .0770 .0926 .05570766 .0628 .0479 .0378 .0300 .0482 .0458 .0339 .02860466 .0377 .0357 .0329	SPA .0569 .0628 .0559 .0770 .0669 .0782 - .0664 .0936 .1003 .0979 .0938 .0661 .1112 .1064 .0900 .1241 - .1205 .0725 .0795	.0751 .0684 .0552 .0589 .0460 .0548 .0906 .0771 .0629 .0351 .0823 -	.0600 .0583 .1310 .0519 .0333 .0492 .0333 .0415 .0396 .0509 -	.0283 .0333 .0825 .0541 .0359 .0368 .0303 .0297 .0409 .0250 .0533 .0425 .1250
Avg Pmis CHI ENG GER HIN JAP KOR SPA TAM Avg Cost Avg Cost CHI ENG FAR GER HIN JAP KOR FAR GER HIN JAP KOR RUS SPA TAM THA		BEN .12000966 .0519 .0442 .0451 .1021 .0427 .0532 .1153 .0616 .0421 .1000 .0333 .0699	Avg CHI0705 .1165 .0455 .1858 .1858 .0282 .0291 .0945 .0917 .07671205 .1115 .0753 .1099 .1265 .1351 .1337 .0957 .0605 .2517 .1059	ENG .0768 .0768 .0768 .0708 .0695 .0756 .0933 .1108 .0857 .1145 .1190 .0663 .0833 .1214 .1042 .0739 .0698 .0893	TS: C(.0651 .0551 .0551 .0551 .0454 .0535 .0404 .0455 .0627 .0375 .0261 .0217 .0384	TS: C(I GER .1038 .1257 - .0976 .0976 .0992 .1017 .0976 .1033 .0815 .0398 .0545 .0685 .0967 - .0474 .0549 .0549 .0549 .0472 .0490 .0648 .0565		0n LRE JAP .0810 .0745 .0716 .07871442 .0857 .0828 .0883 elopmer .0480 .0947 .0941 .0492 .0443 .0517 .03860955 .0608 .0500 .0368 .0280 .0280	NOS KOR .1051 .0908 .0900 .1050 .16930921 .1062 .1084 nt test s .0530 .0563 .1058 .0741 .0614 .0554 .0714 .19390561 .0586 .0835 .0730 .0563	RUS .0394 .0514 .0469 .0770 .0926 .05570766 .0628 .0479 .0378 .0300 .0482 .0458 .0339 .02860466 .0377 .0357 .0329	SPA .0569 .0628 .0559 .0770 .0669 .0782 - .0664 .0936 .1003 .0979 .0938 .0661 .1112 .1064 .0900 .1241 - .1205 .0725 .0795	.0751 .0684 .0552 .0589 .0460 .0548 .0906 .0771 .0629 .0351 .0823 -	.0600 .0583 .1310 .0519 .0333 .0492 .0333 .0415 .0396 .0509 -	.0283 .0333 .0825 .0541 .0359 .0368 .0303 .0297 .0409 .0250 .0533 .0425 .1250

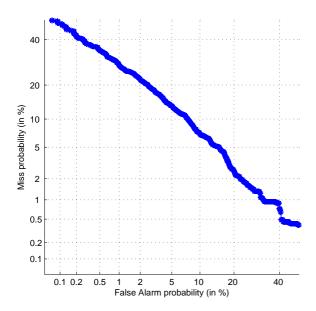


Figure 3: Decision Error Tradeoff (DET) curve on the LRE05 evaluation set.

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